

TQFTs

- Introduced by Atiyah ('88)
- Goal: axiomatize various QFTs
- String-theoretic motivation
- Cat-theoretic approach

① Cobordisms

Say M, M' oriented $(n-1)$ -mflds
are cobordant if $\exists B$ n -mfld (bordism)



Obs cobordism is equiv rel $\hat{=}$

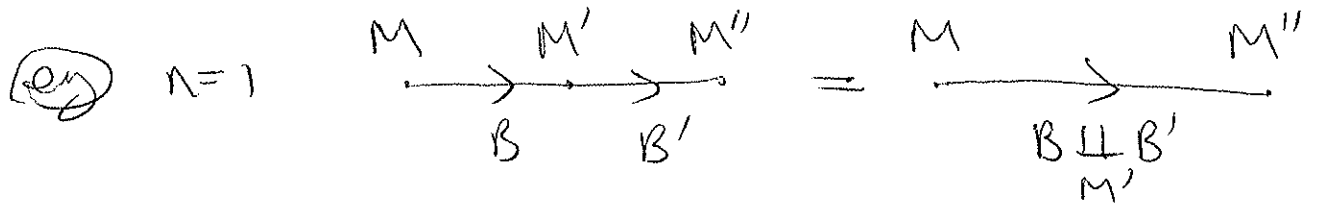
- Forgets bordisms B
- Formally remember B 's, as follows:

Def: $\text{Cob}(n)$ cobordism category

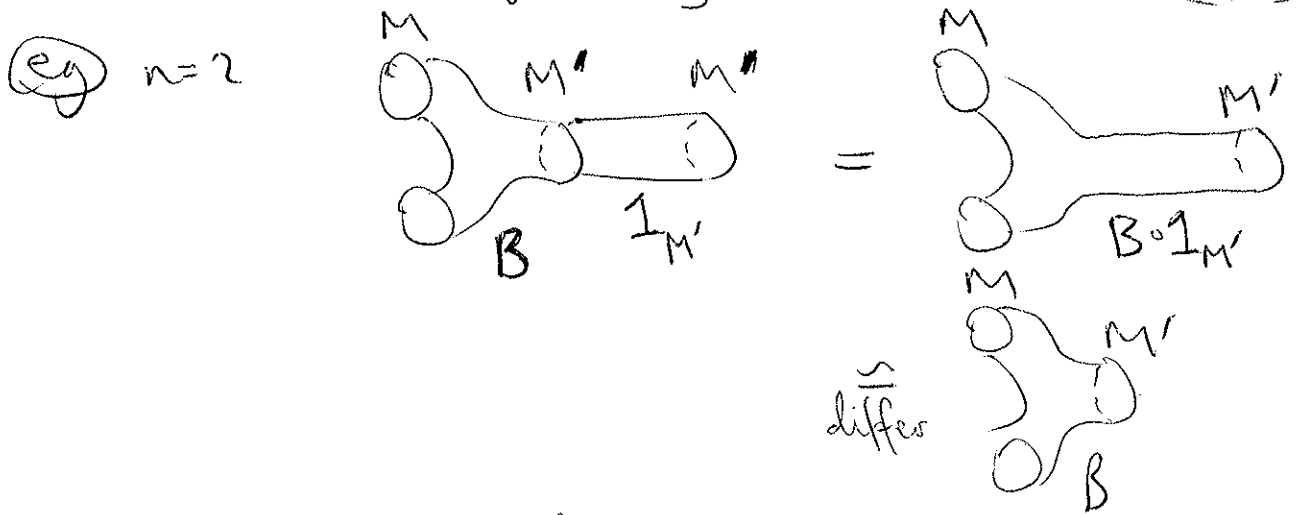
Obj: closed oriented $(n-1)$ -mflds

Mor: ~~cob~~ cobordisms (mod. diffeos)

Rmk : Say 'category' simply because have composition of morphisms



$\forall M$ have 'identity' morphism 1_M corresponding to $B = M \times [0,1]$



② Symmetric monoidal structure

- Just terminology
- Required to define TQFT succinctly

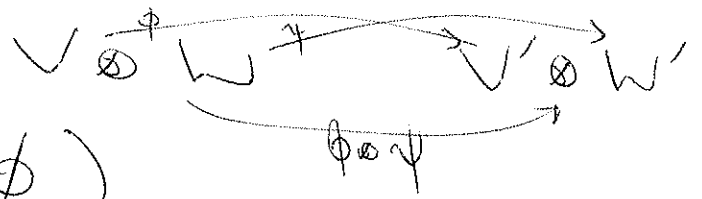
(eg) $\text{Vect}(k) :=$ category of v.s.'s / k field
(morphisms are lin. maps)

$(\text{Vect}(k), \otimes, k)$ 1-d v.s.
monoidal structure unit

Symmetric : $V \otimes W \cong W \otimes V$

Unit : $V \otimes k \cong V$

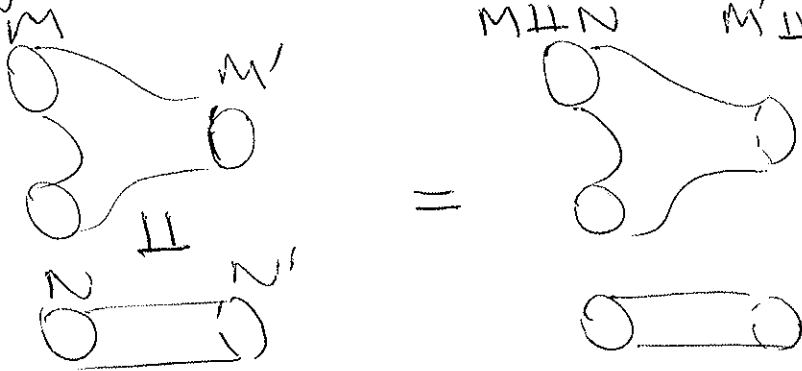
Functoriality:



(eg) $(\text{Cob}(n), \sqcup, \emptyset)$

monoidal structure

Disjoint union of cobordisms:



Symmetric: $M \sqcup N \overset{\text{diffeo}}{\simeq} N \sqcup M$

Unit: $M \sqcup \emptyset = M$

3 TQFTs

Defⁿ (Atiyah) TQFT, \dim^n is

symm. monoidal functor $Z: \text{Cob}(n) \rightarrow \text{Vect}(k)$
field

Defⁿ (unpacked)

v.s. $Z(M)$ for M closed oriented $(n-1)$ -mfd.

lin. $Z(B): Z(M) \rightarrow Z(N)$

for bordism $B: M \rightarrow N$

$Z(\emptyset) \simeq k$, $Z(M \sqcup N) \simeq Z(M) \otimes Z(N)$

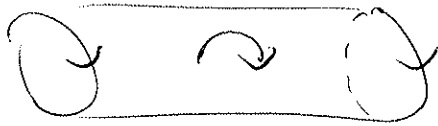
+ coherence condⁿs.

Formal consequences

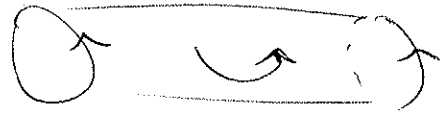
Take $B = M \times [0, 1]$ (NB arbitrary M)

Can view as a bordism in various ways:

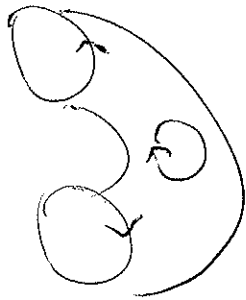
$$M \xrightarrow{\mathbb{1}_M} M$$



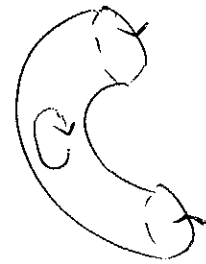
$$\bar{M} \xrightarrow{\mathbb{1}_{\bar{M}}} \bar{M}$$



$$\bar{M} \amalg M \xrightarrow{\text{ev}_M} \emptyset$$



$$\emptyset \xrightarrow{\text{coev}_M} M \amalg \bar{M}$$



Remark: reasons for names will become clear.

Obs \exists map $\alpha: Z(\bar{M}) \otimes Z(M) \rightarrow k$

monoidal structure \downarrow

$$Z(\bar{M} \amalg M) \xrightarrow{Z(\text{ev}_M)} Z(\emptyset)$$

\uparrow

Can view as map $Z(\bar{M}) \rightarrow Z(M)^\vee$

NB one diag $\left(\begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \downarrow \end{array} \right) \rightsquigarrow$ two maps

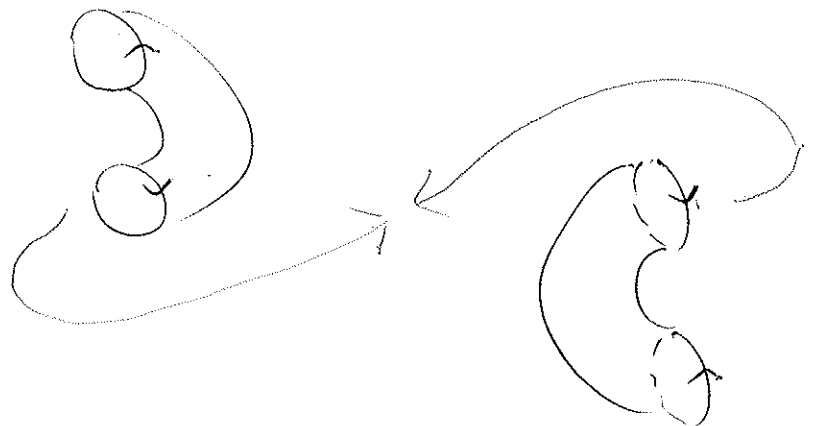
Prop $\alpha : Z(M) \rightarrow Z(M)^\vee$ iso

Proof Dually obtain

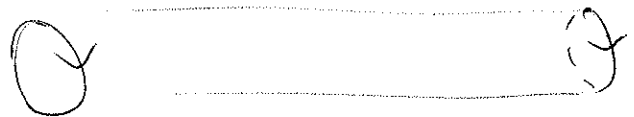
$$\beta : Z(M)^\vee \rightarrow Z(M)$$

from coevm!

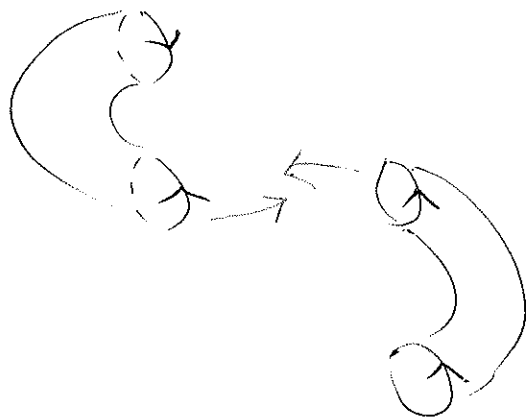
Compose $Z(M) \xrightarrow{\alpha} Z(M)^\vee \xrightarrow{\beta} Z(M)$



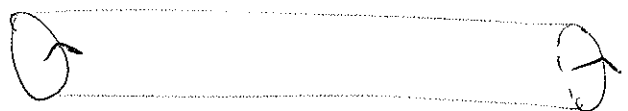
gives identity



Compose $Z(M)^\vee \xrightarrow{\beta} Z(M) \xrightarrow{\alpha} Z(M)^\vee$



also gives identity



QED

④ 1-d TQFTs

Two orientations on point, P^\pm .

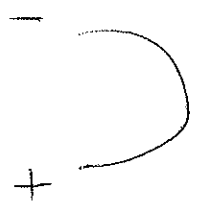
$$\Rightarrow M = \coprod P^\pm$$

Write $V = Z(P^+)$

deduce $V^\vee = Z(P^-)$

Obs nat. morphisms:

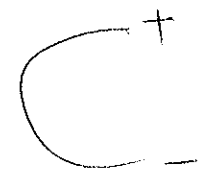
$$\bullet P^- \coprod P^+ \xrightarrow{ev^+} \emptyset$$



$$V^\vee \otimes V \xrightarrow{ev} k$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & \nearrow \\ \text{End}(V) & \xrightarrow{\text{tr}} & k \end{array}$$

$$\bullet \emptyset \xrightarrow{coev^+} P^+ \coprod P^-$$



$$k \xrightarrow{coev} V \otimes V^\vee$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \searrow & \\ k & \xrightarrow{\text{Id}_V} & \text{End}(V) \end{array}$$

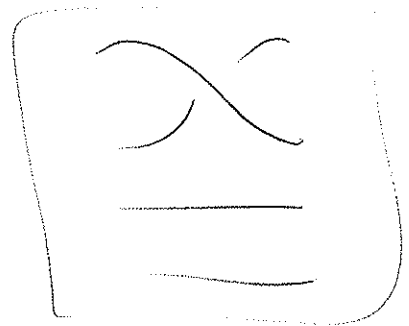
⊙ $V = \text{Borel-Weil Hilbert space}$

Construction

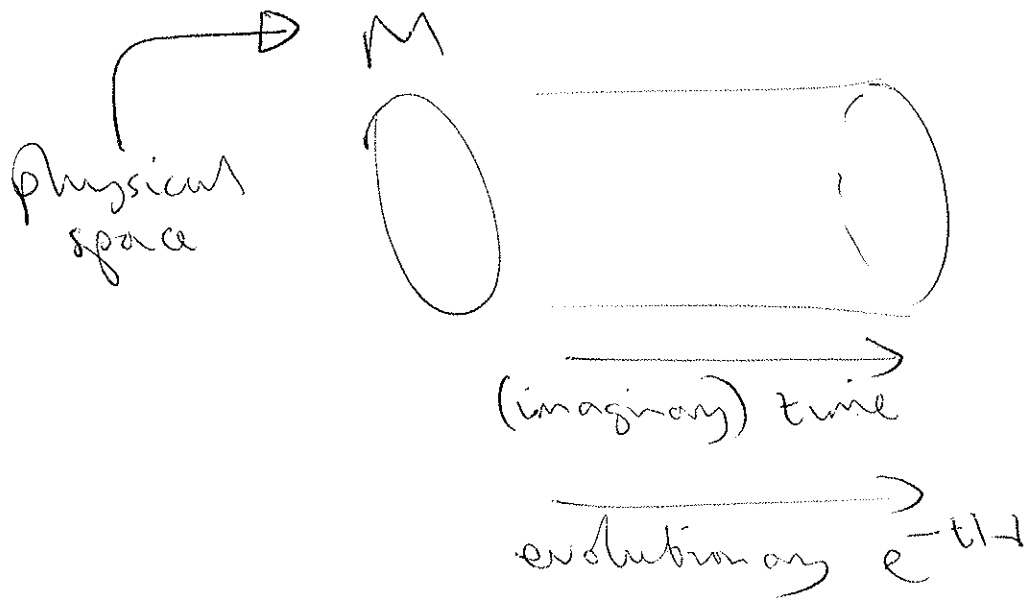
- cpt Lie grp G
- coadjoint orbit \mathcal{O}
- symplectic structure
- integral \longrightarrow line bdl \mathcal{L}
- quantize \longrightarrow G -irrep V

Remarks • Lag = classical action
= $\text{Hol}(\mathcal{L})$

- Have action $S_n \longrightarrow V^{\otimes n}$
from permutation bordisms:



Physical picture



$$\text{topological} \iff H = 0$$

$f. e^{itH}$
as for
ordinary
time

(eg) Lagrangian with only first derivatives wrt. t .