

# The Simple Truth

Graham E Leigh (Technische Universität Wien)

Philosophy of Mathematics Seminar  
2nd May 2016

The truth bi-conditionals are the statements of the form  $A \leftrightarrow T[A]$  where  $A$  is a sentence,  $T$  is a predicate symbol and  $[A]$  denotes a name for  $A$  (e.g. Gödel code of  $A$ ). Theories defined in terms of truth bi-conditionals are typically deductively and conceptually simple. As observed already by Tarski, compositional truth principles, such as ‘for all sentences  $A, B$ :  $T[A \wedge B] \leftrightarrow T[A] \wedge T[B]$ ’, are not derivable from the basic bi-conditionals except in trivial cases. Nevertheless, Quine, Horwich and others have proposed that the truth bi-conditionals are all there is to truth. In this talk I present proof-theoretic support for this extreme view and show how remarkably strong systems (both truth- and proof-theoretically) are implicit in very weak truth-theoretic assumptions.